Please round your answers to two decimal places, when applicable.

- 1. A student prepares 5 liters of salt water with 2 moles of salt (NaCl). Calculate the molarity of this solution.
- A 300mL NaNO₃ solution contains 0.073 mol of NaNO₃. Calculate the molarity of this solution.
- 3. If 10.0g NaNO₃ are dissolved in a 0.5 L solution, then what is the molarity of this solution?
- 4. There are 3.4 mol of AgNO₃ dissolved in a 2.0 L solution. Calculate the molarity.
- 5. What is the concentration, in molarity, of an 800 mL solution which contains 2.6 mol of C₆H₁₂O₆?
- 6. What is the concentration, in molarity, of a 750 mL solution which contains 750 g of $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$?

| 7. | What is the concentration, in molarity, of a 1200 mL solution which contains 50.0 g NaCl? |
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| 8. | What is the concentration, in molarity, of a 500mL solution which contains 100.0g NaOH? |
| 9. | What is the concentration, in molarity, of a 6000 mL solution which contains 2000 g AgC1? |
| 10. | What is the concentration, in molarity, of a 60 mL solution which contains 23 g NaCl? |
| 11. | What is the volume of a 2.5 M sample of AgNO ₃ (aq) if it contains 0.3 mol AgNO ₃ ? |
| 12. | What is the volume of a 5 M sample of NaOH (aq) if it contains 2.2 mol NaOH? |
| 13. | What is the volume of a 2.5 M sample of $CaBr_2(aq)$ if it contains 100 g $CaBr_2$? |

- 14. What is the volume of a 0.45 M sample of AlPO₄ if it contains 200 g AlPO₄?
- 15. What is the volume of a 0.80 M sample of CaSO₄ if it contains 50 g CaSO₄?
- 16. How many moles of AgNO₃ are present in 4 L of a 3 M AgNO₃ solution?
- 17. How many moles of CaI₂ are present in 200 mL of a 2 M CaI₂ solution?
- 18. How many grams of AgNO₃ are present in 2.0 L of a 3 M AgNO₃ solution?
- 19. How many grams of NaOH are present in 700 mL of a 2.5 M NaOH solution?
- 20. What mass of $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ is present in a 300 mL sample of 4 M $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ (aq)?

21. For each solution below, fill in the missing blanks. You may use the remainder of the page for scrap paper.

| Solution | Concentration | Mass Solute Present | Number of Moles of Solute Present | Volume of Solution (mL) | Volume of Solution (L) |
|---|---------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| NaOH | 2.5 M | | | 500 mL | |
| NaCl | 4.0 M | 500 g | | | |
| NaNO ₃ | 3.0 M | | 1.8 mol | | |
| C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁ | | 500 g | | 450 mL | |
| C ₆ H ₁₂ O ₆ | | 600 g | | | 2.5 L |
| AgNO ₃ | | | 4.2 mol | | 2.1 L |
| CH₃COOH | 2.6 M | | | | 4.0 L |
| $Al_2(Cr_2O_7)_3$ | | | 0.022 mol | 200 mL | |
| HgI | | 72 g | | 50 mL | |
| Fe ₂ O ₃ | 1.75 M | 100 g | | | |

22. Given the following three solutions:

Solution no. 1: 4 g of CaBr₂ in 200 mL of solution; Solution no. 2: 4 mol of CaBr₂ in 20 L of solution; Solution no. 3: 20 g of CaBr₂ in 2 L of solution.

Which solution has the highest concentration of CaBr₂?

Your answer must include the formula or formulas used and all of the calculations, including a clear indication of the units of measure.

| Answer: | Solution no. | |
|---------|--------------|--|
| | | |

23. Given the following three solutions:

Solution no. 1: 40 g of NaI in 0.4 L of solution;

Solution no. 2: 0.3 mol of NaI in 500 mL of solution; Solution no. 3: 0.2 kg of NaI in 2022 mL of solution.

Which solution has the highest concentration of NaI?

Your answer must include the formula or formulas used and all of the calculations, including a clear indication of the units of measure.

| Answer: | Solution no. | |
|---------|--------------|--|
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