

Results for Quadratic
Functions Exam

100 : 5

96-99 : 6

80's : 1

70's : 3

60's : 2

↓ 60 : 2

MTH-4109 Sets, Relations + Functions

Sets of Numbers:

\mathbb{N} : natural numbers
 : $\{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

\mathbb{Z} : integers
 : $\{\dots -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots\}$

\mathbb{Q} : rational numbers
 : any number which has one or more number repeating into infinity ∞

e.g. $0.000\bar{0}$
 1.00000

$$1\frac{1}{3} = 1.33\bar{3}$$

$$\frac{3}{7} = 0.428571\overline{428571}$$

$$4.00\bar{0}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = .500\bar{0}$$

\mathbb{Q}' = irrational numbers
 → numbers with random numbers going on into infinity. There is no number or numbers that ever repeat to ∞ .

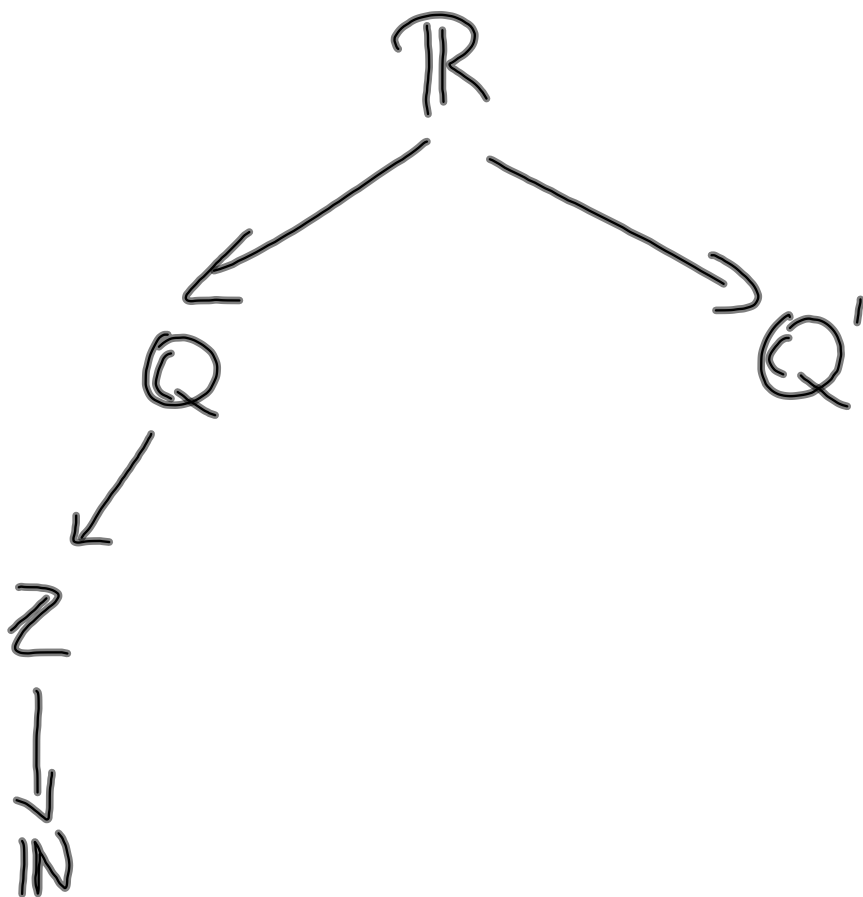
e.g. $\pi = 3.141592654\dots$

e.g.s → radicals

$$\sqrt{2} = 1.414213562\dots$$

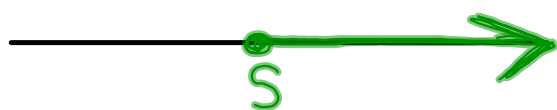
$$\sqrt{3} = 1.732050807\dots$$

\mathbb{R} : real numbers
 : includes all rational + irrational numbers.



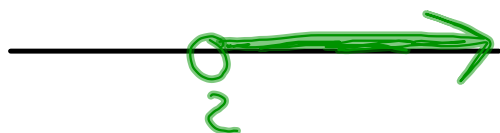
$$A = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 5 \}$$

"belongs to"
"such that"



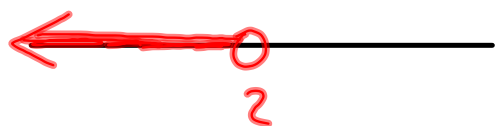
$$[5, \infty)$$

$$B = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x > 2 \}$$



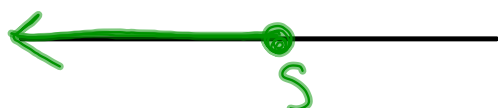
$$]2, \infty)$$

$$C = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < 2\}$$



$$-\infty, 2 [$$

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \leq 5\}$$



$$-\infty, 5]$$

$$E = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -5 \leq x \leq 3\}$$



$$[-5, 3]$$

$$F = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -4 < x < 2\}$$



$$]-4, 2[$$

$$G = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -7 \leq x < 6\}$$



$$[-7, 6[$$

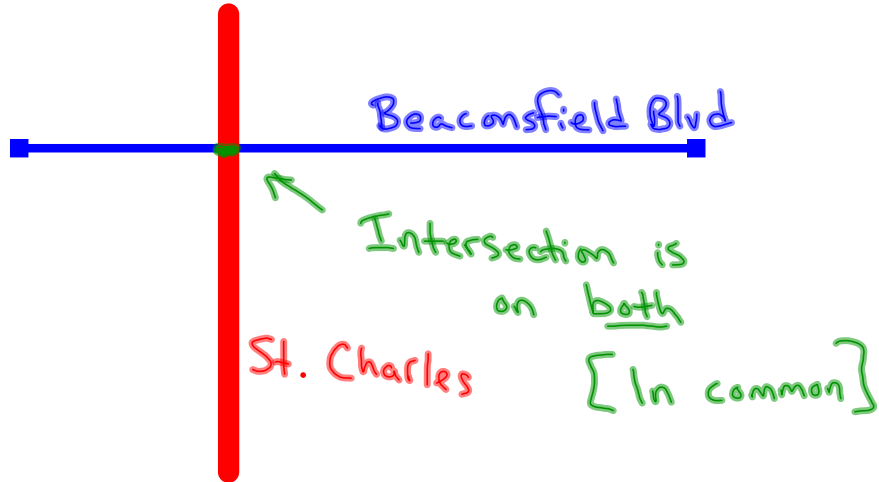
$$H = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -8 < x \leq 6\}$$



$$]-8, 6]$$

Set Operation

① \cap : intersection



St. Charles \cap Beaconsfield =

$A = -\infty, 6[$

$B = [3, \infty$

Find $A \cap B$



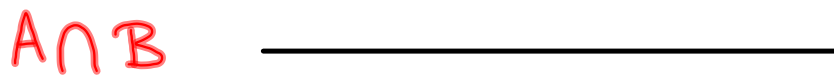
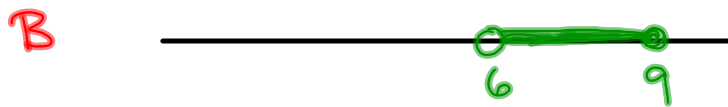
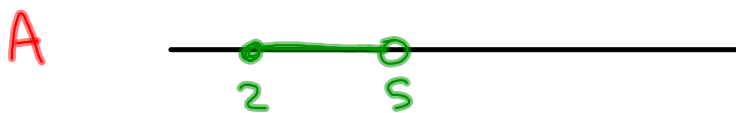
Set-builder:

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 3 \leq x < 6\}$$

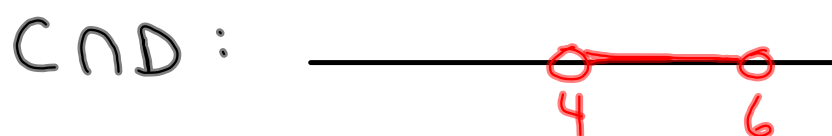
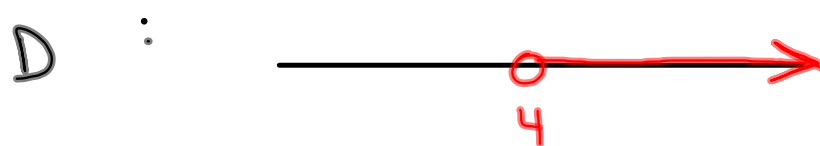
Interval notation: $[3, 6[$

$$\boxed{[2, 5[} \cap \boxed{]6, 9]}$$

A
 B



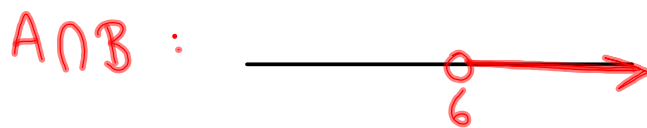
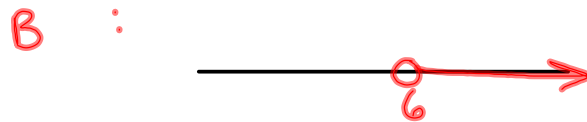
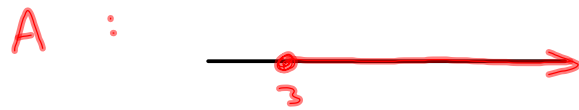
$\emptyset = \text{empty set}$



$$\text{Int} :]4, 6[$$

$$\text{Set } -b : \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 4 < x < 6\}$$

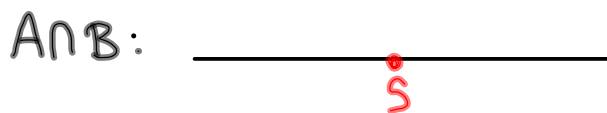
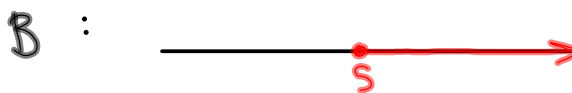
$$\frac{[3, \infty)}{A} \cap \frac{]6, \infty)}{B}$$



set-builder : $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x > 6\}$

int. not : $]6, \infty)$

$$\frac{-\infty, 5]}{A} \cap \frac{[5, \infty)}{B}$$



int. not : $[5]$

set-builder : $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x = 5\}$

2nd Set Operation: \cup : union

union = wedding

Bride's Guest List

- Mary
- Glen
- Martin
- Angelica
- Matt
- Russell
- Cathy

Groom's Guest List

- Katie
- Sam
- Cindy
- Adam
- Angelica
- Rosie
- Shawn
- Russell

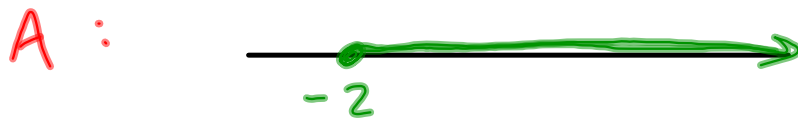
wedding: $\begin{matrix} \downarrow \text{bride} & \downarrow \text{groom} \\ \text{B} & \text{U} & \text{G} \end{matrix}$

= Mary, Glen, Martin, Angelica, Matt, Russell, Cathy, Katie, Sam, Cindy, Adam, Rosie, Shawn

$$A = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq -2 \}$$

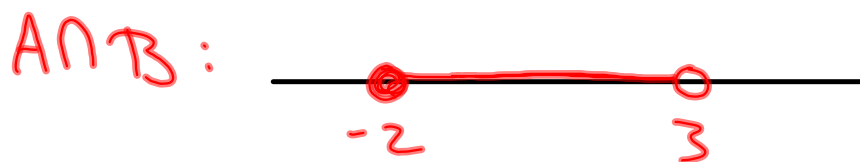
$$B = \{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < 3 \}$$

$A \cup B$

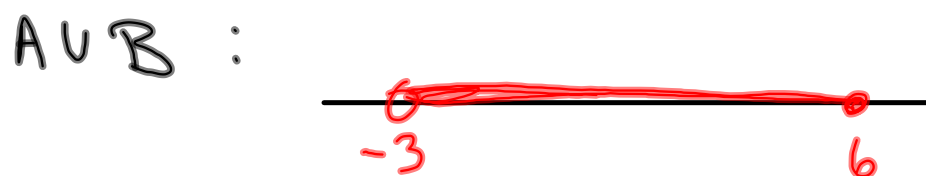
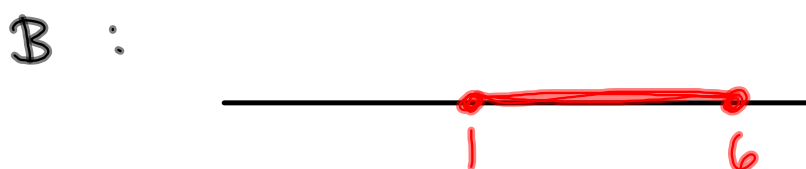
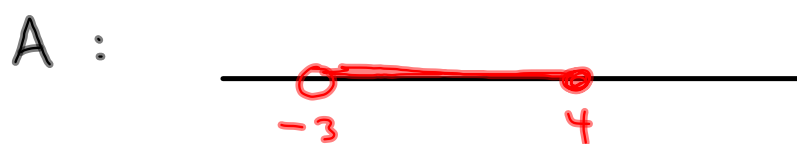


set-b :

$$\{ x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x = \mathbb{R} \}$$

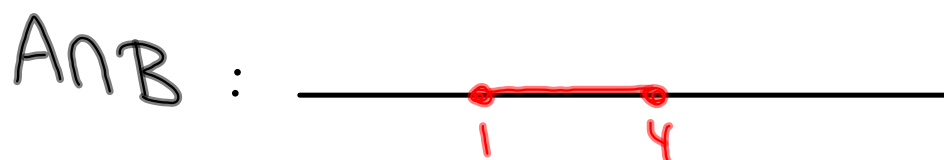


$$\underbrace{]-3, 4]}_A \cup \underbrace{[1, 6]}_B$$



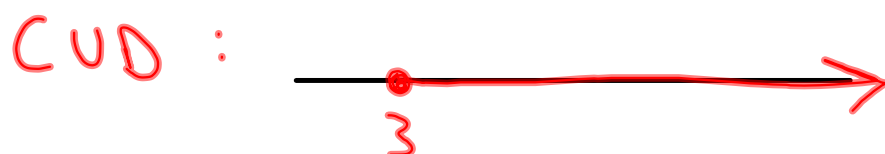
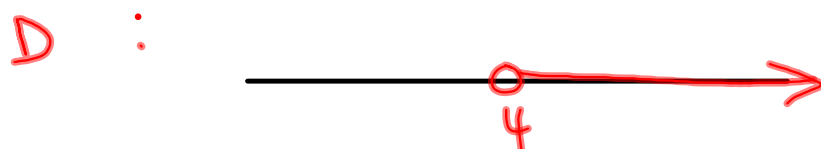
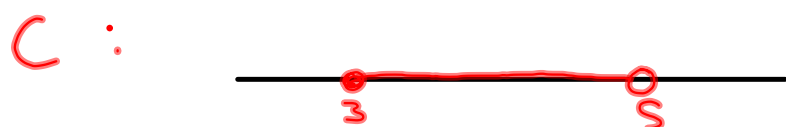
$$\text{set-b : } x \in \mathbb{R} \mid -3 < x \leq 6 \}$$

$$\text{int not : }]-3, 6]$$



$$C = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 3 \leq x < 5\}$$

$$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x > 4\}$$



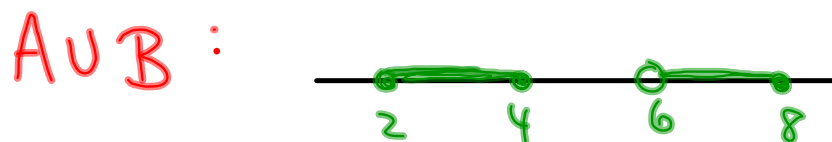
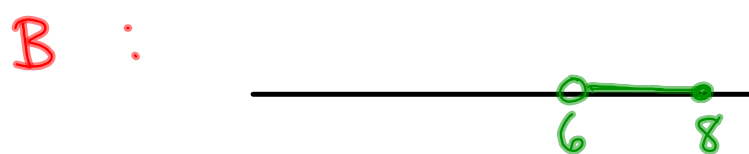
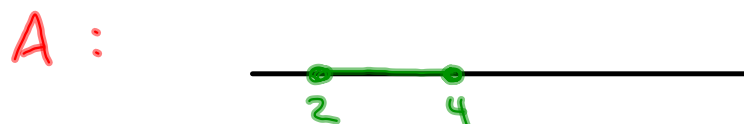
set-b:

$$\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x \geq 3\}$$

int. not.

$$[3, \infty)$$

$$\underbrace{[2, 4]}_A \cup \underbrace{]6, 8]}_B$$

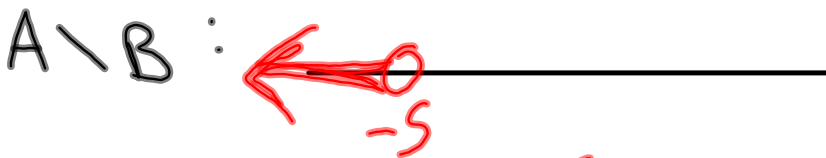
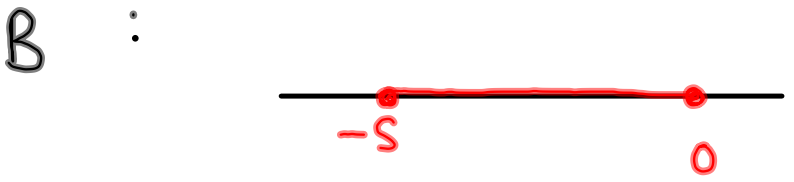
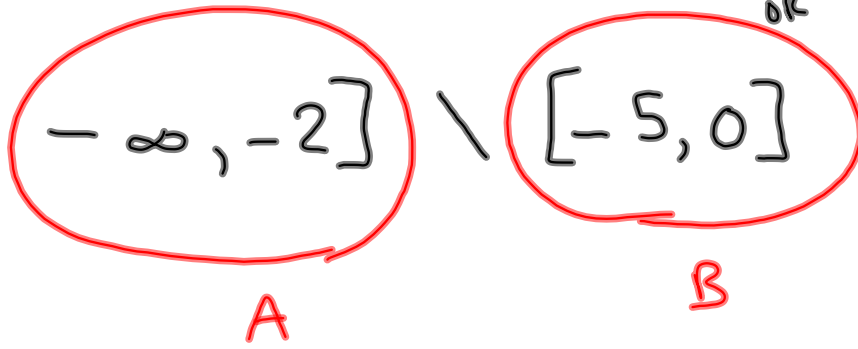


interval not : $[2, 4] \cup]6, 8]$

set-b : $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid 2 \leq x \leq 4 \vee 6 < x \leq 8\}$

\uparrow
 OR

Third Set Operation : \setminus = 'minus'
 or 'difference'



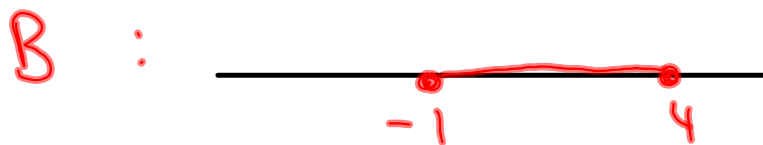
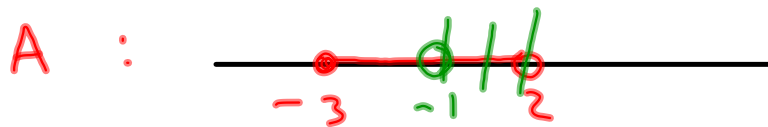
set-b. $\{x \in \mathbb{R} \mid x < -5\}$

int. not. $-\infty, 5[$

$$A = [-3, 2[$$

$$B : [1, 4]$$

Find $A \setminus B$ and $B \setminus A$



Subtract the intersection from the first set. What's left?

